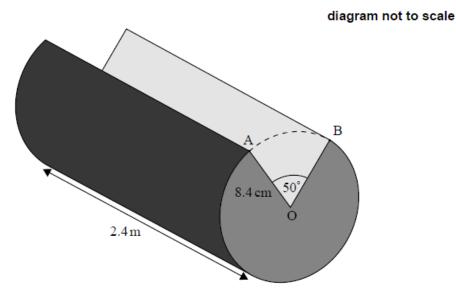
# Mock exam review - geometry and trigonometry [48 marks]

1. Helen is building a cabin using cylindrical logs of length 2.4 m and radius [4 marks] 8.4 cm. A wedge is cut from one log and the cross-section of this log is illustrated in the following diagram.



Find the volume of this log.

#### **Markscheme**

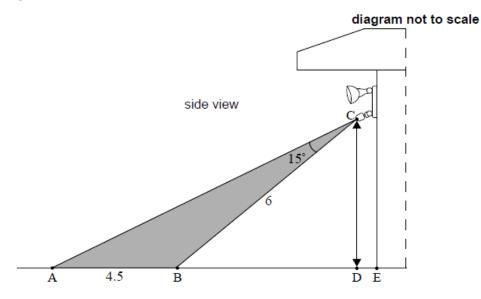
volume  $=240\left(\pi \times 8.4^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 8.4^2 \times 0.872664\ldots\right)$  **M1M1M1** 

**Note:** Award M1 240 × area, award M1 for correctly substituting area sector formula, award M1 for subtraction of their area of the sector from area of circle.

= 45800 (= 45811.96071) **A1** 

[4 marks]

Ollie has installed security lights on the side of his house that are activated by a sensor. The sensor is located at point C directly above point D. The area covered by the sensor is shown by the shaded region enclosed by triangle ABC. The distance from A to B is 4.5 m and the distance from B to C is 6 m. Angle AĈB is 15°.



2a. Find CÂB. [3 marks]

## **Markscheme**

$$\frac{\sin \mathrm{C}\overset{\wedge}{\mathrm{A}}\mathrm{B}}{6} = \frac{\sin 15^{\circ}}{45}$$
 (M1)(A1)

 $\hat{CAB} = 20.2^{\circ} (20.187415...)$  **A1** 

**Note:** Award *(M1)* for substituted sine rule formula and award *(A1)* for correct substitutions.

[3 marks]

2b. Point B on the ground is 5 m from point E at the entrance to Ollie's [5 marks] house. He is 1.8 m tall and is standing at point D, below the sensor. He walks towards point B.

Find the distance Ollie is **from the entrance to his house** when he first activates the sensor.

$$\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathrm{CB}}\mathrm{D}=20.2+15=35.2^{\circ}$$
 A1

(let X be the point on BD where Ollie activates the sensor)

$$an 35.18741...^{\circ} = rac{1.8}{ ext{BX}}$$
 (M1)

**Note:** Award *A1* for their correct angle  $C\overset{\wedge}{B}D$ . Award *M1* for correctly substituted trigonometric formula.

$$BX = 2.55285...$$
 A1

$$5 - 2.55285...$$
 (M1)

$$= 2.45 (m) (2.44714...)$$
 **A1**

[5 marks]

A farmer owns a triangular field ABC. The length of side [AB] is 85~m and side [AC] is 110~m. The angle between these two sides is  $55~^\circ$ .

3a. Find the area of the field.

[3 marks]

## **Markscheme**

\* This sample question was produced by experienced DP mathematics senior examiners to aid teachers in preparing for external assessment in the new MAA course. There may be minor differences in formatting compared to formal exam papers.

Area 
$$= \frac{1}{2} imes 110 imes 85 imes \sin 55 \degree$$
 (M1)(A1)

$$=3830(3829.53\ldots) \mathrm{m}^2$$
 A1

**Note:** units must be given for the final **A1** to be awarded.

[3 marks]

3b. The farmer would like to divide the field into two equal parts by constructing a straight fence from A to a point D on [BC].

[6 marks]

Find BD. Fully justify any assumptions you make.

$$BC^2=110^2+85^2-2 imes110 imes85 imes\cos55^\circ$$
 (M1)A1  $BC=92.7(92.7314\ldots)(m)$  A1

#### METHOD 1

Because the height and area of each triangle are equal they must have the same length base  ${\bf R1}$ 

D must be placed half-way along BC f A1

$${
m BD} = rac{92.731...}{2} pprox 46.4 ({
m m})$$
 A1

Note: the final two marks are dependent on the R1 being awarded.

#### **METHOD 2**

Let 
$$\widehat{CBA} = \theta^{\circ}$$

$$egin{aligned} rac{\sin heta}{110} &= rac{\sin 55^\circ}{92.731\dots} \end{array}$$
 **M1**  $\Rightarrow heta = 76.3^\circ (76.3354\dots)$ 

Use of area formula

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 85 \times {
m BD} \times \sin(76.33...^{\circ}) = \frac{3829.53...}{2}$$
 A1

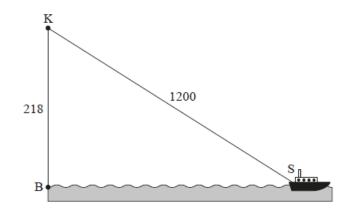
$$BD = 46.4(46.365...)(m)$$
 A1

#### [6 marks]

Kacheena stands at point K, the top of a  $218\ m$  vertical cliff. The base of the cliff is located at point B. A ship is located at point S,  $1200\ m$  from Kacheena.

This information is shown in the following diagram.

diagram not to scale



$$\sin\left(\widehat{\mathrm{BSK}}\right) = \frac{218}{1200} \text{ OR } \frac{\sin\left(\widehat{\mathrm{BSK}}\right)}{218} = \frac{\sin\left(90^{\circ}\right)}{1200}$$
 (M1)

**Note:** Award  $\emph{M1}$  for a correct trig formula. Accept other variables representing  $\widehat{BSK}$ .

$$\left( {{{
m{B}{
m{\widetilde S}}}}{
m{K}}} = 
ight) 10.5 \, {^{\circ}} \, \, \left( {10.4668 \ldots } \right)$$

**Note:** Award **A1** for the radian answer, 0.182681... Award **M1A0** if the candidate finds the correct angle of elevation but then uses it to find a complementary angle as their final answer.

[2 marks]

4b. Find the horizontal distance from the base of the cliff to the ship.

[2 marks]

#### **Markscheme**

$$1800 \, (\mathrm{m}) \, \left( \sqrt{1392476}, \, 1180.03 \ldots \right)$$

[2 marks]

4c. Write down your answer to part (b) in the form  $a \times 10^k$  where  $1 \le a < 10$  and  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

[2 marks]

$$1.18 \times 10^3$$
 **A1A1**

**Note:** Award  $\boldsymbol{A1}$  for 1.18

Award  $\boldsymbol{AI}$  for  $10^3$ 

Accept their rounded answer to part (b).

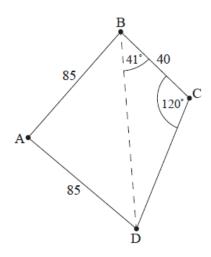
Award *A0A0* for answers of the type:  $11.8 \times 10^2$ 

[2 marks]

The following diagram shows a park bounded by a fence in the shape of a quadrilateral ABCD. A straight path crosses through the park from B to D.

$$AB = 85 \text{ m}, AD = 85 \text{ m}, BC = 40 \text{ m}, C\widehat{B}D = 41^{\circ}, B\widehat{C}D = 120^{\circ}$$

#### diagram not to scale



5a. Write down the value of angle BDC.

[1 mark]

## **Markscheme**

19° **A1** 

[1 mark]

$$\frac{BD}{\sin 120^{\circ}} = \frac{40}{\sin 19^{\circ}}$$

(M1)(A1)

**Note:** Award  $\emph{M1}$  for substituted sine rule for BCD,  $\emph{A1}$  for their correct substitution.

$$(BD =) 106 \text{ m} (106.401...)$$

A1

[3 marks]

 $^{5\text{C}.}$  Calculate the size of angle  $B\widehat{A}D\text{,}$  correct to five significant figures.

[3 marks]

#### **Markscheme**

**METHOD 1** (cosine rule)

$$\cos BAD = \frac{85^2 + 85^2 - 106.401...^2}{2 \times 85 \times 85}$$

(M1)(A1)

**Note:** Award *M1* for substituted cosine rule, *A1* for their correct substitution.

77.495

A1

**Note:** Accept an answer of 77.149 from use of 3 sf answer from part (a). The final answer must be correct to five significant figures.

METHOD 2 (right angled trig/isosceles triangles)

$$\sin\left(\frac{\text{BAD}}{2}\right) = \frac{53.2008...}{85}$$

(A1)(M1)

**Note:** Award A1 for 53.2008... seen. Award M1 for correctly substituted trig ratio. Follow through from part (a).

77.495...

A1

**Note:** Use of 3 sf answer from part (a), results in 77.149.

[3 marks]

The size of angle  $B\widehat{A}D$  rounds to  $77^\circ$  , correct to the nearest degree. Use  $B\widehat{A}D=77^\circ$  for the rest of this question.

5d. Find the area bounded by the path  ${
m BD}$ , and fences  ${
m AB}$  and  ${
m AD}$ .

[3 marks]

## **Markscheme**

#### **EITHER**

$$(\text{Area} =) \frac{1}{2} \times 85 \times 85 \times \sin(77^{\circ})$$

(M1)(A1)

**Note:** Award *M1* for substituted area formula, *A1* for correct substitution. Award at most (M1)(A1)A0 if an angle other than  $77^{\circ}$  is used.

#### OR

$$(\text{Area} =) \frac{1}{2} \times (2 \times 85 \times \sin(38.5^\circ)) \times (85 \times \cos(38.5^\circ))$$
 (M1)(A1)

**Note:** Award  $\emph{M1}$  for substituted area formula  $A=\frac{1}{2}bh$ ,  $\emph{A1}$  for correct substitution.

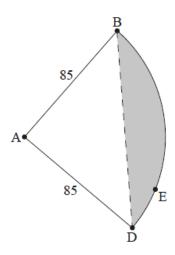
$$3520 \text{ m}^2 (3519.91...)$$

A1

[3 marks]

A landscaping firm proposes a new design for the park. Fences BC and CD are to be replaced by a fence in the shape of a circular arc BED with center A. This is illustrated in the following diagram.

diagram not to scale



5e. Write down the distance from A to E.

[1 mark]

## **Markscheme**

85 m

A1

[1 mark]

5f. Find the perimeter of the proposed park, ABED.

[3 marks]

#### **Markscheme**

$$85 + 85 + \frac{77}{360} \times 2\pi \times 85$$

(M1)(M1)

**Note:** Award *M1* for correctly substituted into  $\frac{\theta}{360} \times 2\pi \times r$ , *M1* for addition of AB and AD.

*A1* 

[3 marks]

$$\frac{77}{360} \times \pi \times (85)^2 - 3519.91...$$

(M1)(M1)

**Note:** Award *M1* for correctly substituted area of sector formula, *M1* for subtraction of their area from part (c).

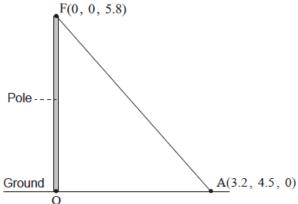
$$1330 \text{ m}^2 (1334.93...)$$

A1

[3 marks]

A vertical pole stands on horizontal ground. The bottom of the pole is taken as the origin, O, of a coordinate system in which the top, F, of the pole has coordinates  $(0,\ 0,\ 5.\ 8)$ . All units are in metres.

diagram not to scale



The pole is held in place by ropes attached at F.

One of the ropes is attached to the ground at a point A with coordinates  $(3,2,\,4,5,\,0)$ . The rope forms a straight line from A to F.

6a. Find the length of the rope connecting  $\boldsymbol{A}$  to  $\boldsymbol{F}$ .

[2 marks]

$$\sqrt{3.2^2+4.5^2+5.8^2}$$
 (M1)  $= 8.01 \ (8.00812...) \, \mathrm{m}$ 

[2 marks]

6b. Find  $\hat{FAO}$ , the angle the rope makes with the ground.

[2 marks]

#### **Markscheme**

$$\begin{array}{ll} F\hat{A}O = \sin^{-1}\!\left(\frac{5.8}{8.00812\ldots}\right) \;\; \text{OR} \;\; \cos^{-1}\!\left(\frac{5.52177\ldots}{8.00812\ldots}\right) \;\; \text{OR} \;\; \tan^{-1}\!\left(\frac{5.8}{5.52177\ldots}\right) \\ \textit{(M1)} \\ 46.4^{\circ} \;\; \left(46.4077\ldots^{\circ}\right) \qquad \textit{A1} \end{array}$$

[2 marks]

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